

# Construction of Pseudorandom Binary Sequences using Additive Characters over $\text{GF}(2^k)$

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Mauduit and Sárközy studied pseudorandom binary sequences of

$$E_N = \{e_1, \dots, e_N\} \in \{-1, +1\}^N$$

and introduced the following measures of pseudorandomness of binary sequences [7]:

- The well-distribution measure of  $E_N$  is defined as

$$W(E_N) = \max_{a,b,t} \left| \sum_{j=0}^{t-1} e_{a+jb} \right|,$$

where the maximum is taken over all  $a, b, t$  with  $a, b, t \in \mathbb{N}, 1 \leq a + b \leq a + tb \leq N$ .

- The correlation measure of order  $k$  of  $E_N$  is:

$$C_k(E_N) = \max_{M,D} \left| \sum_{n=1}^M e_{n+d_1} e_{n+d_2} \dots e_{n+d_k} \right|,$$

where the maximum is taken over all  $D = (d_1, \dots, d_k)$  ( $d_1 < \dots < d_k$  are non-negative integers) and  $M \in \mathbb{N}$  with  $M + d_k \leq N$ .

- Combined (well-distribution-correlation) PR-measure of order  $k$   $E_N$  is defined as:

$$Q_k(E_N) = \max_{a,b,t,D} |Z(a, b, t, D)|$$

where

$$Z(a, b, t, D) = \left| \sum_{j=0}^{t-1} e_{a+jb+d_1} e_{a+jb+d_2} \dots e_{a+jb+d_k} \right|.$$

Later several large families of pseudorandom sequences were presented with good combined pseudorandom measure. The Legendre symbol based construction designed by Goubin, Mauduit and Sárközy [3] is of particular interest: although its security cannot be proven by reduction, many mathematical argument substantiate it. It possesses the strict avalanche property [9], has a high family complexity [1], the computational complexity of the best known attacks are high and it has an extremely fast implementation [4] and the bound on its correlation measure enables one to estimate its linear complexity profile [2]. Accordingly this generator has mathematically substantiated security and still is faster than most provable secure pseudorandom sequence generator.

The above mentioned construction uses multiplicative characters over large prime fields. In this paper a new construction is introduced which utilizes fast arithmetic in finite fields with even characteristic in combination with additive characters. The main purpose is to find a pseudorandom binary sequence family with similar good properties as the above mentioned Legendre symbol based construction. In this paper, as a first step, a new construction will be described and its pseudorandom measures will be studied. The following result is a consequence of Weil's theorem ([8],[5]), the Vinogradov inequality ([10]) and the BCH bound ([6]).

**Theorem.** *Let  $\mathbb{F}_q$  be a finite field of characteristic two and its multiplicative group of prime order. Let  $\chi$  be a non principal additive character, and  $\alpha$  a primitive element of  $\mathbb{F}_q$  and let  $f(x) \in \mathbb{F}_q[x]$  of odd degree  $d \geq \log q$  and let the coefficients of its terms be zero if and only if the term has an even exponent. If*

$$E_{q-1} = \{\chi(f(\alpha^1)), \chi(f(\alpha^2)), \dots, \chi(f(\alpha^{q-1}))\} \in \{-1, +1\}^{q-1},$$

then :

$$Q(E_N) \leq 9dq^{1/2} \log q.$$

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