

Mathematical foundations of information theory &  
 Discrete Stochastics and Information Theory  
 SS 2018

**Exercise Sheet 12**

13<sup>th</sup> of June 2018

**Exercise 48** (2 Points). The elements of the alphabet  $\mathcal{W} := \{a, b, c, d\}$  are uniformly distributed and will be decoded with the following code:

$$C(a) = 00, C(b) = 01, C(c) = 10, C(d) = 11.$$

The coded elements of  $\mathcal{X}$  will be transmitted through a discrete channel. Hereby the following error can occur: with probability 0.1 a 1 instead of a 0 is transmitted and with probability 0.05 a 0 instead of a 1 is transmitted. The received bit-pairs will be decoded according to  $C$ . The error during the transmission occurs independently for each bit.

- (a) Calculate the maximal error probability  $\lambda^{(2)}$ , and the average error probability  $p_{err}^{(2)}$ .
- (b) Suppose that both 0 and 1 are transmitted wrongly with the same probability  $p_0$ . What is the maximum of  $p_0$  such that the maximal error probability is below 5%?

**Exercise 49** (2 Points). Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be a sequence of binary input random variables and  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  a sequence of binary output random variables. We assume that  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  is conditionally independent given  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$ , that is,  $Y_i$  is conditionally independent of everything else given  $X_i$  for each  $i = 1, \dots, n$ . We define  $X = (X_1, \dots, X_n)$ ,  $Y = (Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$  with the conditional distribution given by  $p(y, x) = \prod_{i=1}^n p_i(y_i|x_i)$  and

$$\begin{bmatrix} p_i(0|0) & p_i(1|0) \\ p_i(0|1) & p_i(1|1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - p_i & p_i \\ p_i & 1 - p_i \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find  $\max_{p(x)} I(X; Y)$ .

**Exercise 50** (2 Points). Show that the capacity of the channel with probability transition matrix

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

is achieved by a distribution that places zero probability on one of the input symbols. Calculate the capacity of the channel. Give an intuitive reason why that letter is not used.

**Exercise 51** (2 Points). Let  $(X_i, Y_i, Z_i)$  be i.i.d. according to  $p(x, y, z)$ . We will say that  $(\underline{x}, \underline{y}, \underline{z})$  is jointly typical (i.e.  $(\underline{x}, \underline{y}, \underline{z}) \in A_\epsilon^{(n)}$ ) if they are pairwise jointly typical and  $p(\underline{x}, \underline{y}, \underline{z}) \in 2^{-n(H(X, Y, Z) \pm \epsilon)}$ .

Suppose that  $(\tilde{X}, \tilde{Y}, \tilde{Z})$  is distributed according to  $p(\underline{x})p(\underline{y})p(\underline{z})$ . Thus  $\tilde{X}, \tilde{Y}, \tilde{Z}$  have the same marginals as  $p(\underline{x}, \underline{y}, \underline{z})$  but are independent. Find bounds on  $\mathbb{P}[\tilde{X}, \tilde{Y}, \tilde{Z} \in A_\epsilon^{(n)}]$  in terms of entropies  $H(X), H(Y), H(Z), H(X, Y), H(X, Z), H(Y, Z)$  and  $H(X, Y, Z)$ .