

$$\boxed{41} \quad \boxed{y'' - y = -2x^2 + 8xe^x} \quad (*)$$

I Hom. Lösung: $P(\lambda): \lambda^2 - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = \pm 1$

$$y_{\text{hom}}(x) = c_1 e^{1 \cdot x} + c_2 e^{-1 \cdot x} \quad \mu(\lambda) = 1 \rightarrow \{e^x, e^{-x}\} \rightarrow \text{Fundamentalsystem.}$$

II Sp. Lösung: $b(x) = -2x^2 + 8xe^x = \underbrace{-2x^2 e^{0x}}_{b_1(x)} + \underbrace{8xe^x}_{b_2(x)}$

• $b_1(x) = -2x^2 e^{0x}; \mu(0) = 0$

• $y_{\text{sp},1}(x) = (Ax^2 + Bx + C)$

$-2x^2 e^{0x} \cos 0x$

$y'_{\text{sp},1} = 2Ax + B$ in $(*)$ einsetzen

$y''_{\text{sp},1} = 2A$ $2A - Ax^2 - Bx - C = -2x^2$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{A=2}; B=0; 2A-C=0 \Rightarrow \boxed{C=4}$

$\Rightarrow y_{\text{sp},1}(x) = \boxed{2x^2 + 4}$

• $b_2(x) = 8xe^x; \mu(1) = 1; \boxed{b_2(x) = 8xe^x \cos 0x}$
 $\alpha + i\beta = 1$

$y_{\text{sp},2} = x(Dx + E)e^x = x^2 e^x + Exe^x$

$y'_{\text{sp},2}(x) = D(2xe^x + x^2 e^x) + E(e^x + xe^x) =$

$= e^x (Dx^2 + (2D+E)x + E)$

$y''_{\text{sp},2}(x) = e^x (Dx^2 + (2D+E)x + E) + e^x (2Dx + 2D+E)$

$= e^x (Dx^2 + (4D+E)x + (2D+2E))$

Einsetzen: $e^x (Dx^2 + (4D+E)x + (2D+2E)) - e^x (Dx^2 + Ex) =$

$= 8xe^x \Rightarrow 4Dx + (2D+2E) = 8x \Rightarrow$

$4D=8 \Rightarrow \boxed{D=2}$

$2D+2E=0 \Rightarrow \boxed{E=-2}$

$y_{\text{sp},2}(x) = (2x^2 - 2x)e^x$

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Gesamt Lösung:

$$y(x) = 2x^2 + 4 + (2x^2 - 2x)e^{-x} + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x}$$

42 $y'' + 4y' + 4y = -8e^{-2x} + 8\sin 2x$

I Hom Lösung

$$P(\lambda): \lambda^2 + 4\lambda + 4 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \lambda_{1,2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16-16}}{2} = -2$$

$$(\lambda + 2)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = -2; \quad \mu(\lambda) = 2$$

$$y_{\text{hom}} = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 x e^{-2x}$$

Fundamentalsystem: $\{e^{-2x}, x e^{-2x}\}$

II Sp. Lösung:

$$b(x) = -8e^{-2x} + 8\sin 2x$$

$$\begin{cases} b(x) = p(x) e^{\lambda x} \cos x \\ \text{oder} \\ b(x) = p(x) e^{\lambda x} \sin x \end{cases}$$

$$b(x) = \underbrace{-8e^{-2x} \cos 0x}_{b_1(x)} + \underbrace{8e^{0x} \sin 2x}_{b_2(x)}$$

$$b_1(x) = -8e^{-2x} \cos 0x$$

$$\mu(-2) = 2 \Rightarrow y_{\text{sp},1}(x) = Ax^2 e^{-2x}$$

Einsetzen in: $y_{\text{sp},1}'' + 4y_{\text{sp},1}' + 4y_{\text{sp},1} = b_1(x)$

$$y_{\text{sp},1}'(x) = 2Ax e^{-2x} + Ax^2 \cdot (-2) e^{-2x}$$

$$y_{\text{sp},1}''(x) = 2Ae^{-2x} + 2Ax e^{-2x} \cdot (-2) - 2A(2x e^{-2x} - 2x^2 e^{-2x})$$

$$\textcircled{3}$$

$$2Ae^{-2x} - 4Ax e^{-2x} - \cancel{4Ax e^{-2x}} + 4Ax^2 e^{-2x} +$$

$$\cancel{8Ax e^{-2x}} - \cancel{8Ax^2 e^{-2x}} + \cancel{4}$$

$$+ 4Ax^2 e^{-2x} = -8e^{-2x}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2Ae^{-2x} = -8e^{-2x} \Rightarrow A = -4$$

$$y_{sp,1}(x) = -4x^2 e^{-2x}$$

$$b_2(x) = 8e^{0x} \sin 2x$$

$$\mu(0 \pm 2i) = 0$$

$$y_{sp,2}(x) = A \sin 2x + B \cos 2x$$

$$y'_{sp,2}(x) = 2A \cos 2x - 2B \sin 2x$$

$$y''_{sp,2} = -4A \sin 2x - 4B \cos 2x$$

$$\text{Einsetzen: } -4A \sin 2x - 4B \cos 2x + 8A \cos 2x - 8B \sin 2x + 4A \sin 2x + 4B \cos 2x = 8 \sin 2x$$

$$y''_{sp,2} + 4y'_{sp,2} + 4y_{sp,2} = 8 \sin 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow 8A \cos 2x - 8B \sin 2x = 8 \sin 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow B = 1 \quad A = 0$$

$$y_{sp,2}(x) = \cos 2x$$

$$y(x) = \underbrace{c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 x e^{-2x}}_{y_{hom}(x)} + \underbrace{-4x^2 e^{-2x}}_{y_{sp,1}(x)} + \underbrace{\cos 2x}_{y_{sp,2}(x)}$$

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(43) $y'' + 9y = 2 \sin x$

$P(\lambda) : \lambda^2 + 9 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_{1,2} = \pm 3i \quad ; \mu(3i) = 1$
 $\lambda_2 = -3i \quad ; \mu(3i) = 1$

$y_{hom} = c_1 e^{0x} \cos 3x + c_2 e^{0x} \sin 3x$

$y_{hom}(x) = c_1 \cos 3x + c_2 \sin 3x$

Sp. Lösung : $b(x) = 2e^{0x} \sin x$
 $\alpha + i\beta = 0 + 1i$
 $\mu(0 + 1i) = 0$

$\Rightarrow y_{sp} = A \sin x + B \cos x \quad ; A, B = ?$

$y_{sp}' = A \cos x - B \sin x$ | Einsetzen

$y_{sp}'' = -A \sin x - B \cos x$ | $-A \sin x - B \cos x + 9A \sin x + 9B \cos x = 2 \sin x$

$\Rightarrow 8A \sin x + 8B \cos x = 2 \sin x \Rightarrow$

$\begin{cases} 8B = 2 \\ 8A = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{4} \\ A = 0$

$\Rightarrow y_{sp}(x) = \frac{1}{4} \cos x$

$y(x) = c_1 \cos 3x + c_2 \sin 3x + \frac{1}{4} \cos x$