RANDOM MATRICES WINTER 2024

FRANZ LEHNER AND ADRIAN CELESTINO

EXERCISE SET 6

The goal of the present exercise set is to provide an analytic proof that the diagonal elements of a Wigner matrix do not play a role.

Exercise 1. For a matrix $A \in \mathbb{C}^{N \times N}$, the spectral norm || || and the Frobenius norm $|| ||_2$ are defined by

$$||A|| := \sup_{x \in \mathbb{C}^N} \frac{||Ax||_2}{||x||_2} \qquad ||A||_2 := \operatorname{Tr}(A^*A)^{1/2},$$

where $\| \|_2$ denotes the Euclidean norm on \mathbb{C}^N . Furthermore, we use the spectral order: for $A, B \in \mathbb{C}^{N \times N}$ selfadjoint, we define

 $A \leq B \Leftrightarrow B - A$ is positive semidefinite.

Show:

(1) $||A|| = ||A^*|| = ||A^*A||^{1/2}$ (2) $||A|| \le 1 \Rightarrow A^*A \le I$ (3) For A, B selfadjoint, $A \le B \Rightarrow \operatorname{Tr}(A) \le \operatorname{Tr}(B)$ (4) $|\operatorname{Tr}(AB)| \le ||A||_2 ||B||_2$ (5) $||AB||_2 \le ||A|| ||B||_2$ (6) $||A||_2 \le \sqrt{N} ||A||$ (7) If A is selfadjoint and $R_A(z) = (zI - A)^{-1}, z \in \mathbb{C}^+$, stands for the resolvent of A, then $||R_A(z)|| \le \frac{1}{\operatorname{Im} z}$.

Exercise 2. Let $\{X_i\}_{i\geq 1}$ be a sequence of i.i.d. random variables with $\mathbb{E}(X_i) = 0$, $\mathbb{E}(|X_i|^2) = 1$, and $\mathbb{E}(|X_i|^4) < \infty$. Show that for the vector $Y_N = (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_N)$ we have that

$$\sqrt{N} - \frac{\sigma^2}{2\sqrt{N}} \le \mathbb{E}(\|Y_N\|_2) \le \sqrt{N},$$

where $\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{N^2} \operatorname{Var} (||Y_n||_2^2)$.

Hint. The following inequality may be helpful:

$$\frac{1+u-(u-1)^2}{2} \le \sqrt{u} \le \frac{1+u}{2}.$$

Exercise 3. For selfadjoint matrices A, B, show the inequality

$$\frac{1}{N} \Big| \operatorname{Tr} \left(R_A(z) - R_B(z) \right) \Big| \le \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \frac{1}{(\operatorname{Im} z)^2} \|A - B\|_2.$$

and conclude that for Wigner matrices $X_N = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} [x_{ij}]$ with $\mathbb{E}(x_{ij}^4) < \infty$, the diagonal can be removed without chaning the limit:

$$\lim_{N \to \infty} \left| \mathbb{E} \frac{1}{N} \operatorname{Tr}(R_{X_N}(z)) - \mathbb{E} \frac{1}{N} \operatorname{Tr}(R_{\mathring{X}_N}(z)) \right| = 0$$

where $\mathring{X}_N = X_N - \text{diag } X_N$.

Date: January 13, 2025.