

**Ex. 1**

Sketch the following sets and investigate whether they are *open*, and/or *connected* (for (a)-(c) you will want to write  $z = x + iy$ ):

- (a)  $\{z : \operatorname{Im} z^2 > 1\}$ ; (b)  $\{z : \operatorname{Re} z^2 \leq 1\}$ ;  
(c)  $\{z : \operatorname{Re} z^2 > 1, x > 1, y^2 < 4\}$ ; (d)  $\{z : \arg z = \frac{\pi}{6}, 0 < |z| < 1\}$ .

**Ex. 2**

Sketch and investigate the following contours to see whether or not they are *smooth*, *piecewise smooth*, *simple*, *closed*:

- (a)  $\phi(t) = t + i|t - 1|$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2$   
(b)  $\phi(t) = 3 \sin t + 4i \cos t$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$   
(c)  $\phi(t) = \sin t + i \sin 2t$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ .

**Ex. 3**

Write down in the form  $\phi(t)$ ,  $a \leq t \leq b$  the contour  $C$  consisting of a circle centre  $1 + 0i$ , radius 2 starting at  $3 + 0i$  going in an anticlockwise direction. Hence evaluate the following two integrals:

$$\int_C z^2 dz, \quad \int_C \frac{1}{z-1} dz.$$

**Ex. 4**

Write down in the form  $\phi(t)$ ,  $a \leq t \leq b$  the contour consisting of a circle centre  $i$ , radius 3 starting at  $i - 3$  going in an anticlockwise direction. Hence evaluate the integral of  $\bar{z}$  around this contour.

**Ex. 5**

**Challenge Question.** Let a simple closed smooth contour  $C$  be given by  $\phi(t)$ ,  $a \leq t \leq b$  (anticlockwise direction as usual!). Let the area enclosed by  $C$  be  $A$ . Prove that the integral

$$\int_C \bar{z} dz$$

is pure imaginary. Show that the integral is  $2iA$ .