

Problem sheet 6  
2004, Feb. 19

MT361 ERROR CORRECTING CODES

**Ex. 1**

(Not to be handed in) Work through pages 74-78 of Raymond Hill's book. In particular watch out for the advantages of incomplete decoding.

**Ex. 2**

Show that the decimal code

$$\left\{ (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{10}) \in Z_{10}^{10} \mid \sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i \equiv 0 \pmod{10}, \sum_{i=1}^{10} ix_i \equiv 0 \pmod{10} \right\}$$

is not a single-error-correcting code. (here  $Z_{10}$  denotes the set of integers mod 10.

**Ex. 3**

(see problem sheet 5) Let  $C$  be the ternary linear code with generator matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- Find a generator matrix for  $C$  in standard form
- Find a parity check matrix for  $C$  in standard form.
- Use syndrome decoding to decode the received vectors 2121, 1201 and 2222.

**Ex. 4**

Suppose a certain binary channel accepts word of length 7 and that the only kind of error vector ever observed is one of the eight vectors

0000000, 0000001, 0000011, 0000111, 0001111, 0011111, 0111111, 1111111.

Design a binary linear  $[7, k]$ -code which will correct all such errors with as large a rate as possible.

**Ex. 5**

To determine the minimum distance of a general code one needs  $\binom{M}{2}$  comparisons. Show that for a linear code the minimum distance is given by the minimum weight of any non-zero codeword. (Compare ex 7. on sheet 2). Further show that  $C$  has distance  $d$  if and only if any  $d - 1$  rows of a parity check matrix  $H$  are linearly independent but there exist  $d$  rows which are dependent.

**Ex. 6**

Let  $C$  be the code generated by

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

A new code  $C_2$  is formed by adding a parity check.

- a) Write down the generator matrix for  $C_2$  in standard form.
- b) Determine the parameters  $[n, k, d]$  and  $M$ .
- c) Write down its parity check matrix for  $C_2$ .
- d) Show that  $C_2$  can be used to simultaneously correct one error and detect two errors.
- e) Make a lookup table to enable syndrome decoding to use it in the way suggested in  $d$ .
- f) Decode the received vectors 0110110, 1111010 and 1110111.

Do not write down the standard array or the codewords.

**Hand in solutions at the beginning of the lecture on Thursday of the next week.**