

**Ex. 1**

Find the order of the zero for each of the following functions at  $z = 0$ :

a.  $z^{100} - z^{10}$ ;    b.  $e^z - 1 - z$ ;    c.  $\frac{\sin z - z}{z}$ ;    d.  $\frac{\cosh z - 1 - \frac{z^2}{2}}{z^2}$ .

**Ex. 2**

Find the singularities of the following functions and determine whether or not they are poles:

$$\frac{z^2}{(z-2)^5(z-5)^7(z-10)^{100}}; \quad \frac{e^z}{z^2} - \left(\frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2; \quad \operatorname{cosec}(1/z).$$

Where the functions have poles, determine the order of the poles. Compare  $\sin \frac{1}{z}$  and  $\frac{1}{\sin z}$ .

**Ex. 3**

Find the poles (with their order), and residues at the poles, for the following functions: a)  $\frac{z}{z^2 - 3z + 2}$     b)

$\frac{1}{e^z + 1}$     c)  $\frac{\sin z}{z^3}$     d)  $\frac{e^{z^2}}{(z^2 + 9)(z^2 + 25)}$ . *Hint* The function in b) has infinitely many poles.

**Ex. 4**

Find the poles of the following functions which have positive imaginary part, and calculate the residues at the poles.

$$\frac{z^2}{(z^2 + 1)(z^2 + 4)}; \quad \frac{e^{iz}}{(z^2 + 1)(z^2 + 4)}.$$

If you have any questions on the course, previous problem sheets, exam or whatever, please let me know. In the last week I might come back to questions of general interest in the lecture.