# GRAZ UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY INSTITUTE OF ANALYSIS AND NUMBER THEORY Marc Technau



# 2. exercise sheet for Mathematics for Advanced Materials Science

(first name)	(last name)
(student id number)	

**2.1.** (Linear ordinary differential equations)

(4 credits)

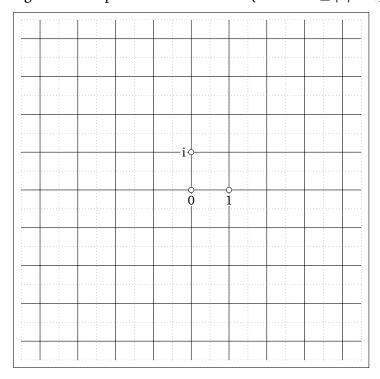
- (a) Let  $\lambda_0$  be an arbitrary number. Verify that both  $t\mapsto \exp(\lambda_0 t)$  and  $t\mapsto t\exp(\lambda_0 t)$  satisfy the differential equation  $\ddot{x}-2\lambda_0\dot{x}+\lambda_0^2x\stackrel{!}{=}0$ .
- (b) Find a solution x to the differential equation from (a) with x(0) = 2 and  $\dot{x}(0) = 3$ .

(For part (a) of this exercise you may need more space than is given here. Use a separate sheet.)

# **2.2.** (Working with complex numbers)

(4 credits)

Sketch the following set of complex numbers below:  $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : 3 \le |z| < 4, \operatorname{Re}(z) \ge -2\}$ .



#### **2.3.** (Solving quadratic equations)

(4 credits)

Find all (complex) solutions to the equation  $X^2 - 6X + 12 \stackrel{!}{=} 0$ .

(Hint: you can use the formula for finding roots of quadratic polynomials and  $\sqrt{-1} = \pm i$ .)

# **2.4.** (Complex differentiation)

(4 credits)

Let z be a complex number. Compute:

(a) 
$$\frac{d}{dz}(z^7 + 4z^2 - \cos(z) + 42\sin(z)) =$$

(b) 
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}z} \left( \exp\left(\frac{z^3}{z+1}\right) (1+z)^2 \right) =$$
 for  $z \neq -1$ .

(Hint: just pretend that z is a real number and differentiate as you would have done in school.  $\exp' = \exp$ ,  $\cos' = -\sin$ ,  $\sin' = \cos$ .)